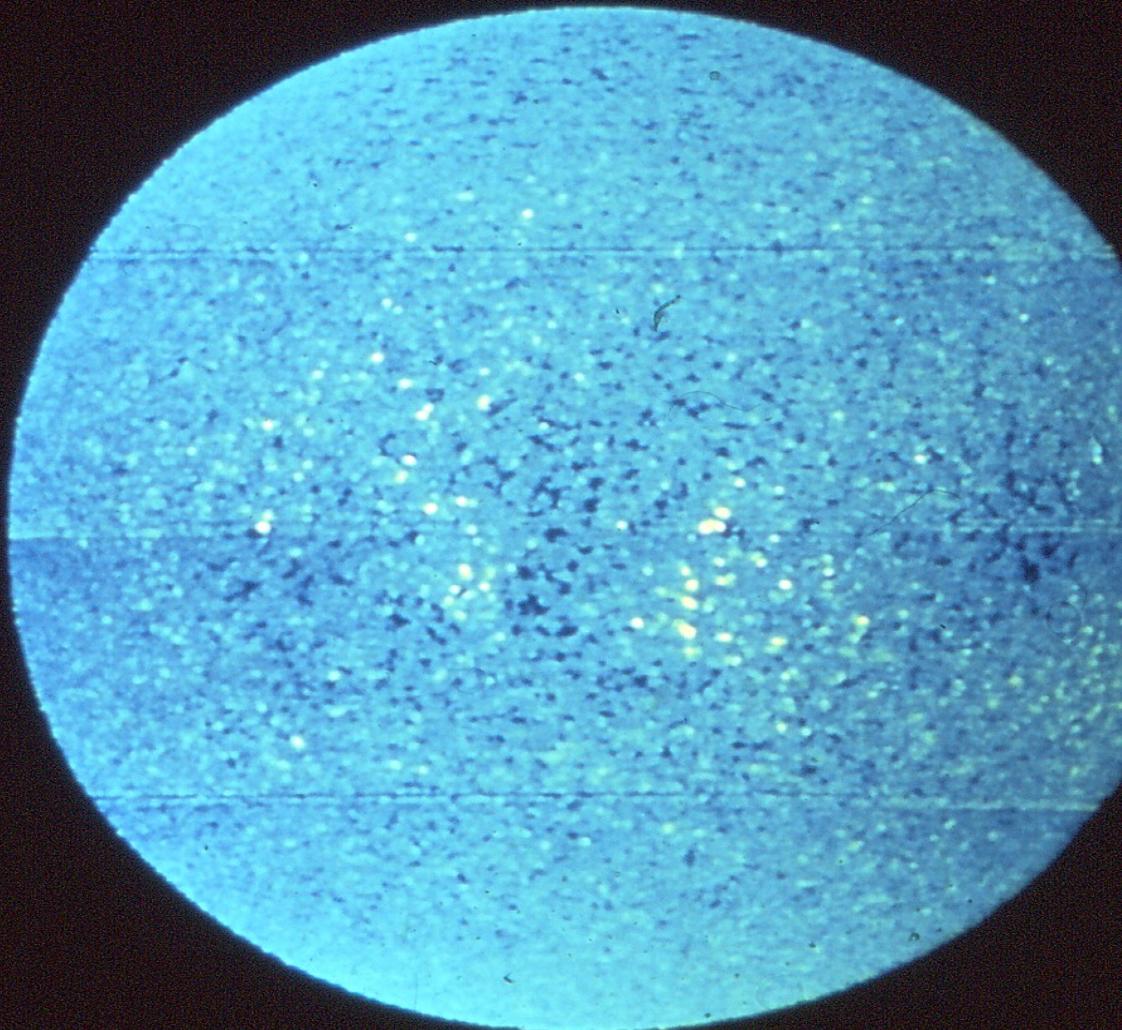
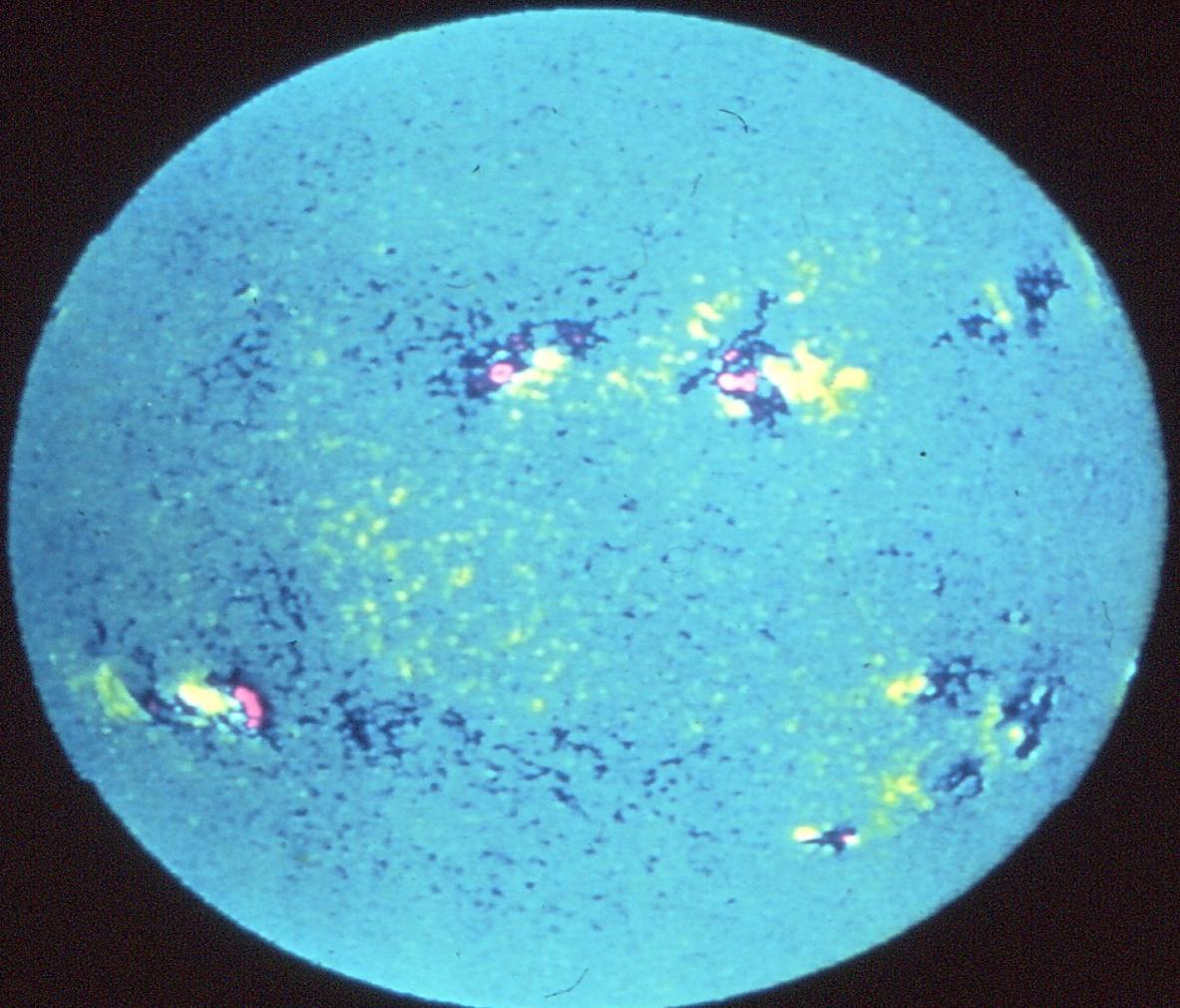
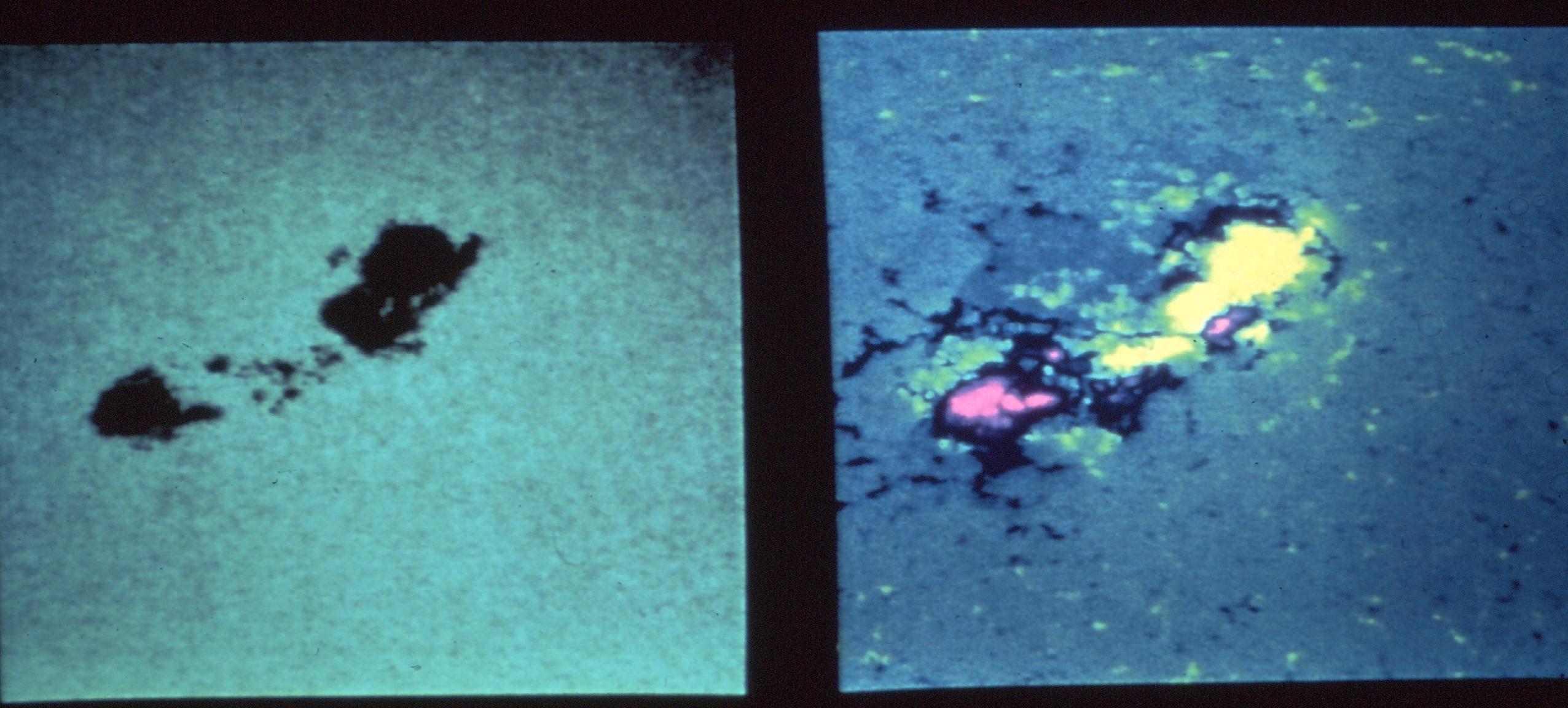
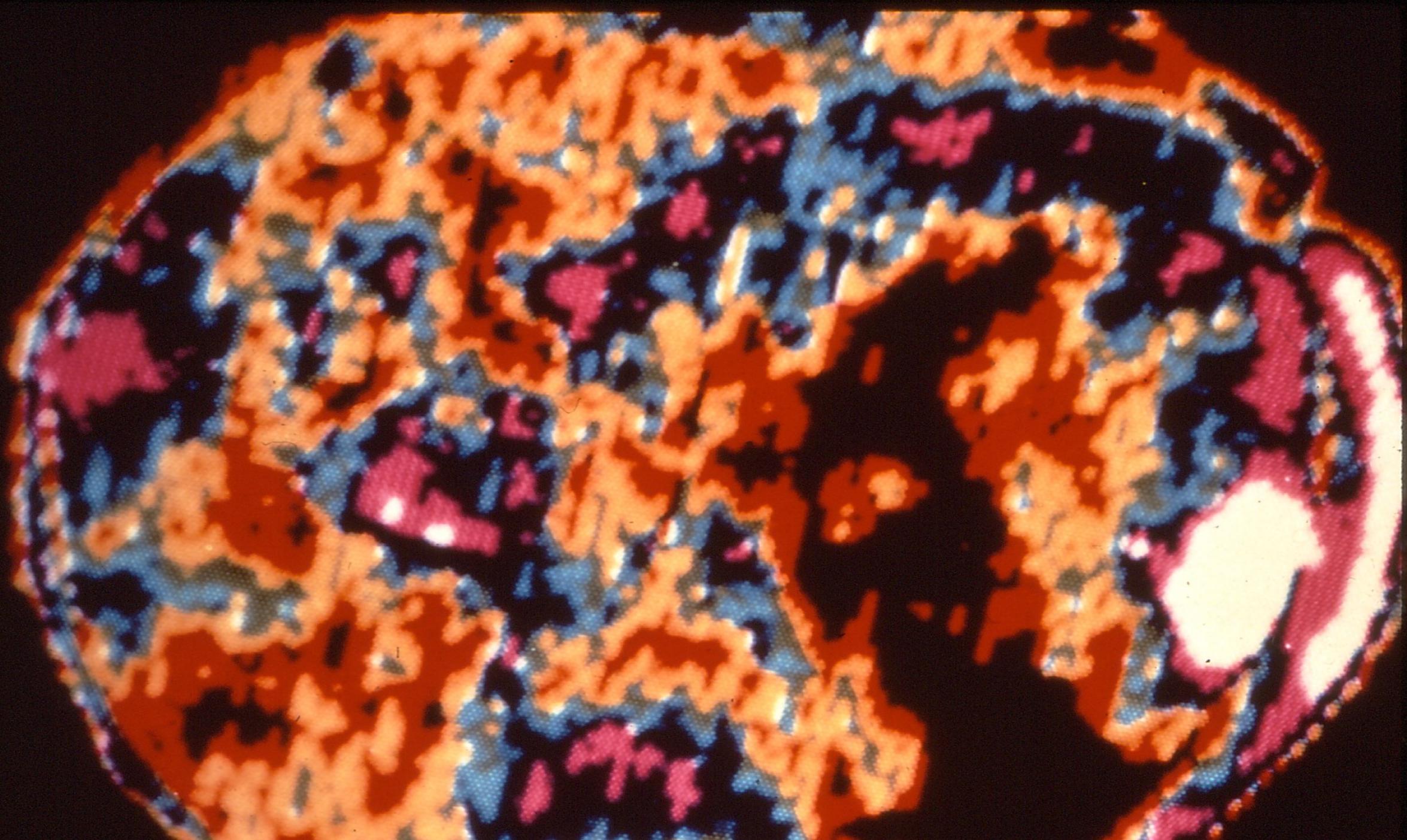


Evolution of the Earth System

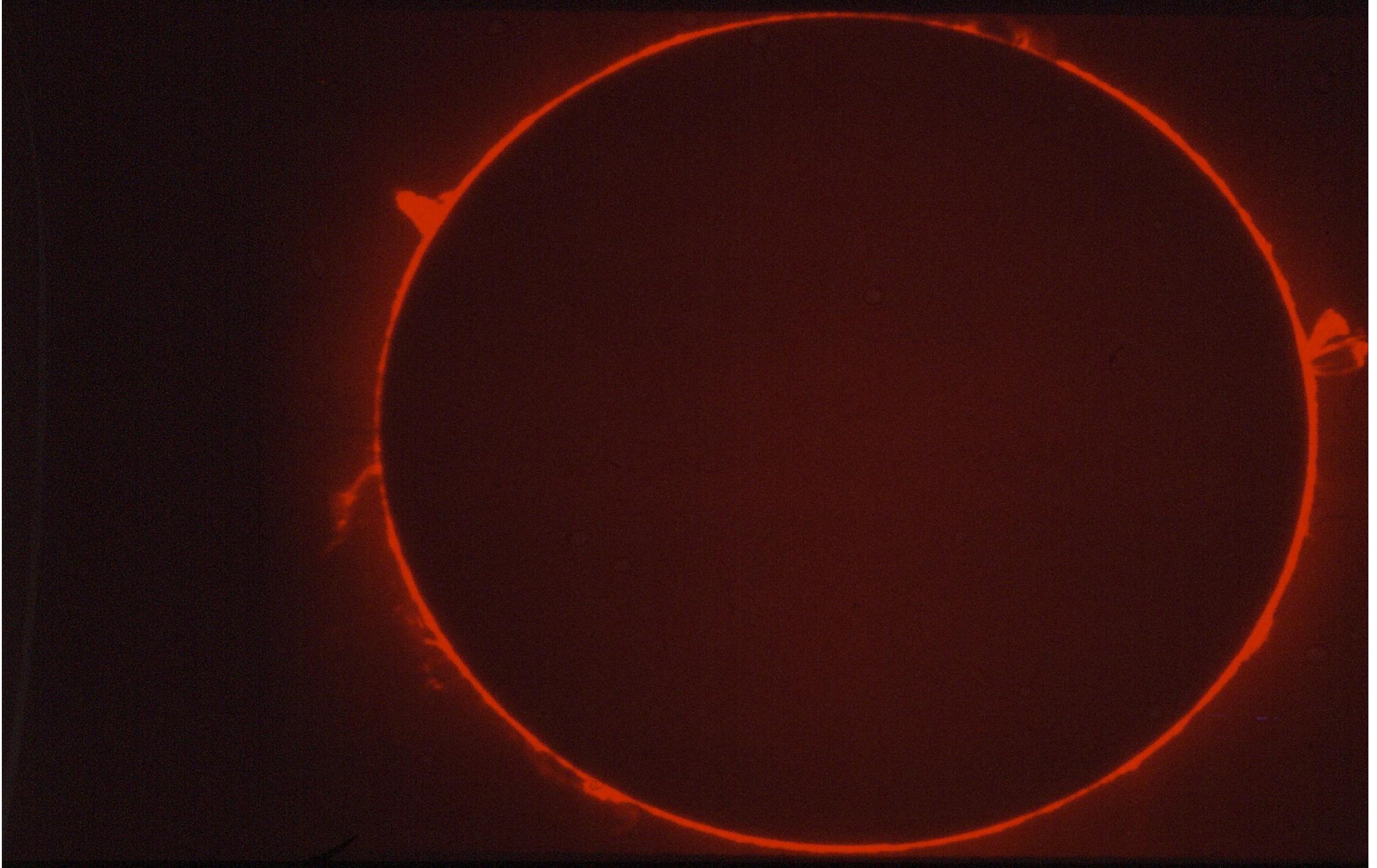
- History of the universe
- Role of the sun in the climate system
- Continental drift
- Volcanic emissions versus present atmospheric composition

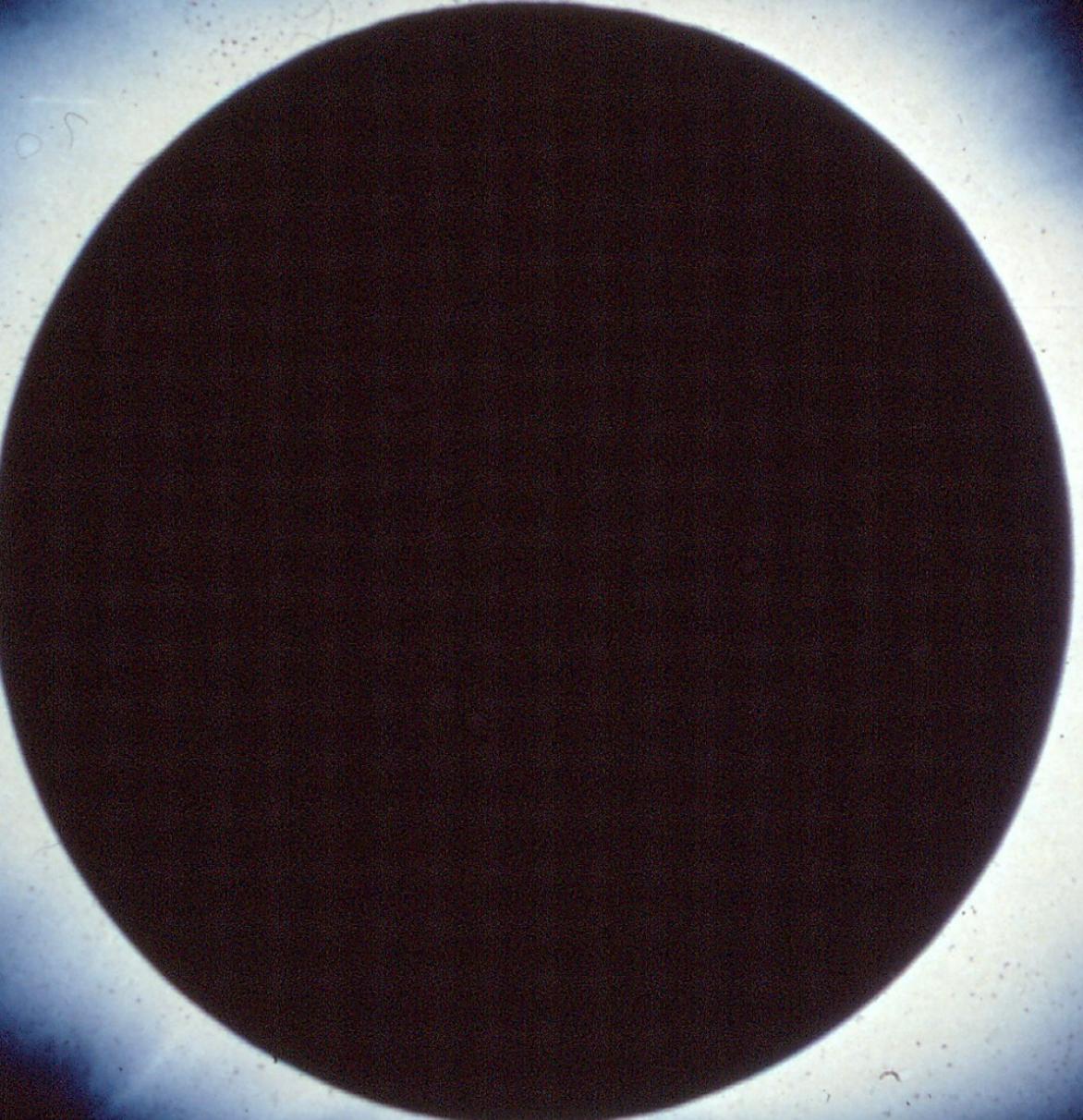


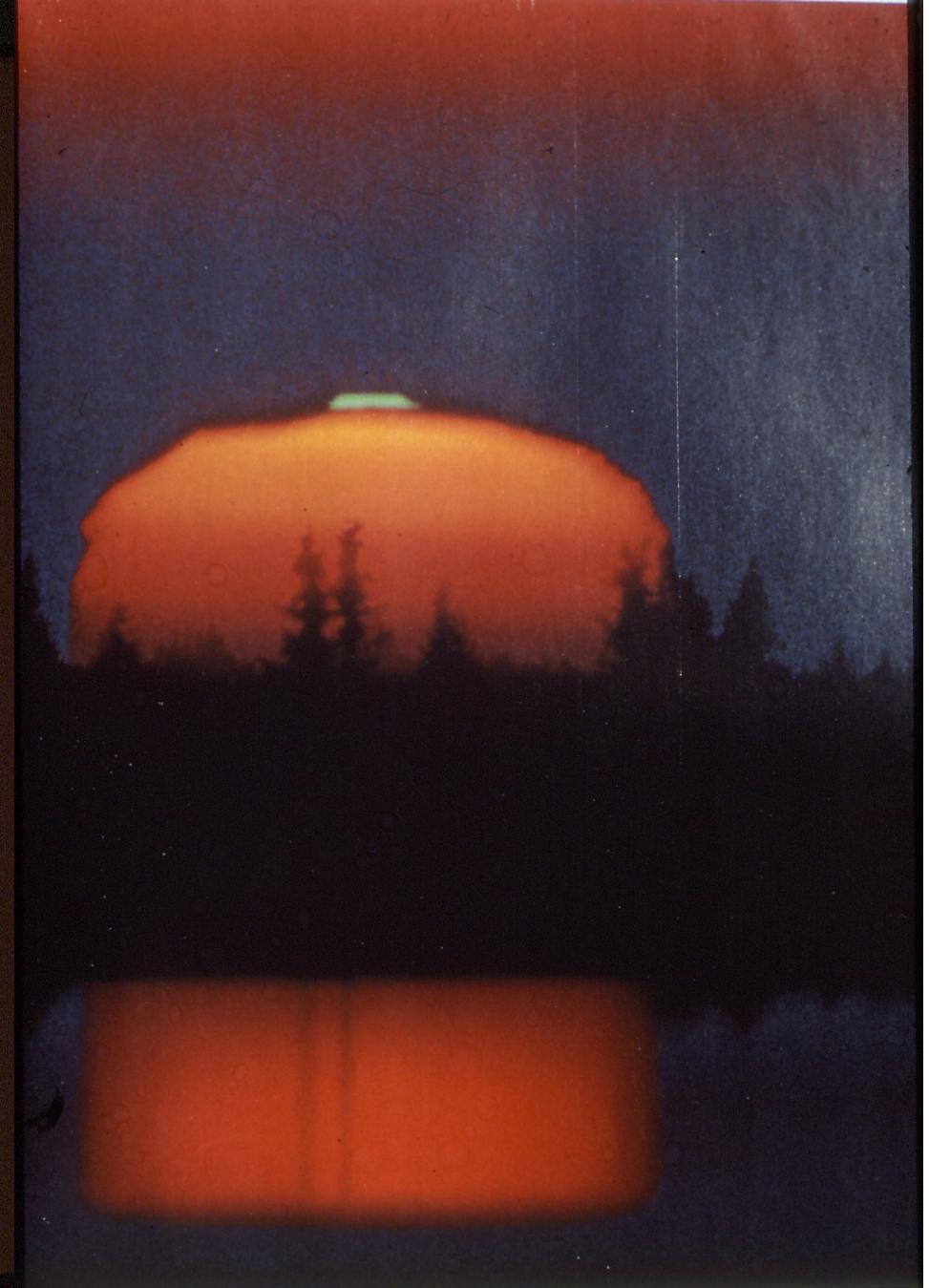












In one of nature's most elusive displays, a green flash caps the solar disk as the atmosphere scatters last light over a Norwegian woods. If predictions of extreme solar activity hold true, the Northern Lights may return to North America this winter.

PER-ANDRE HOFFMAN

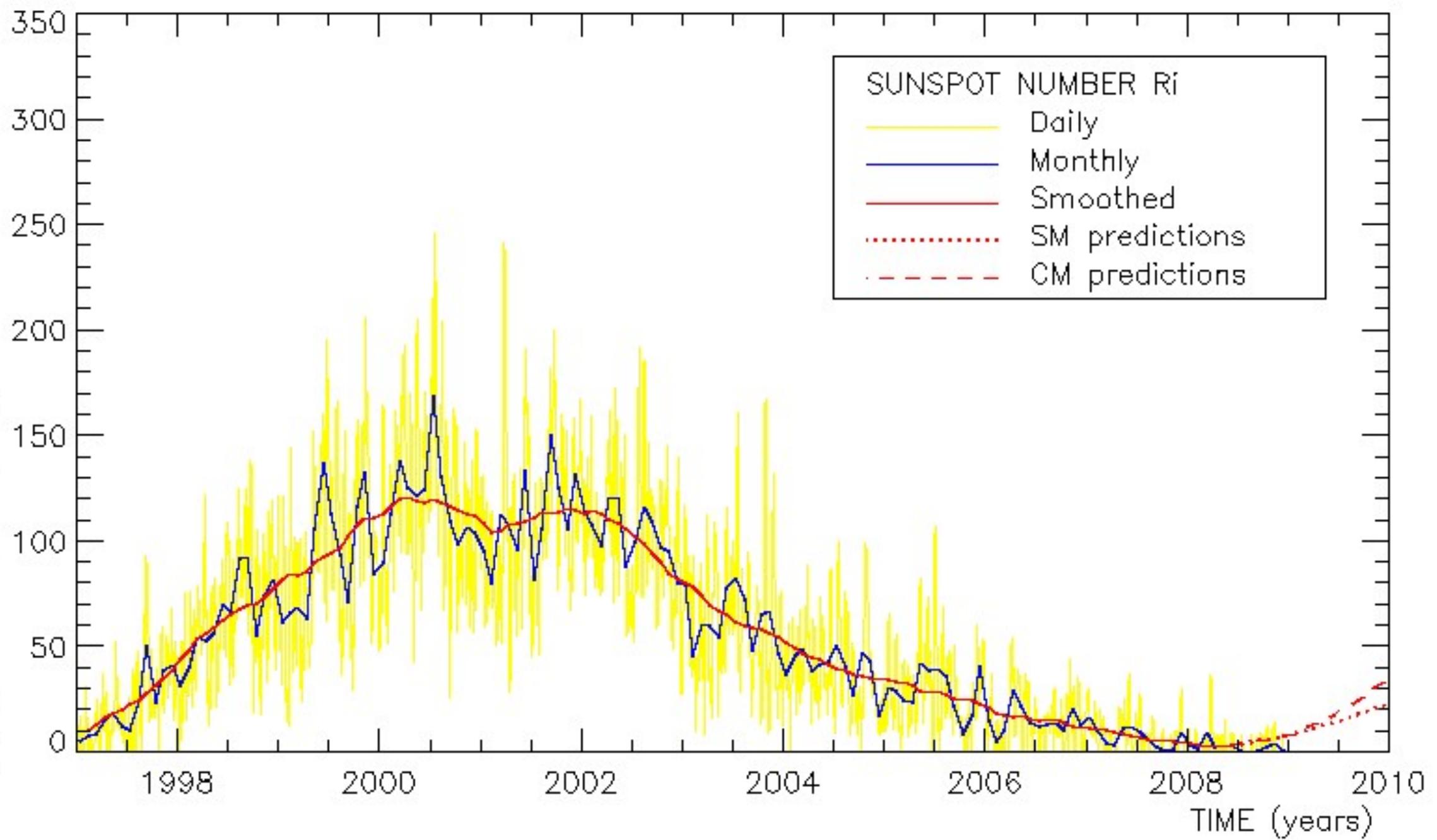


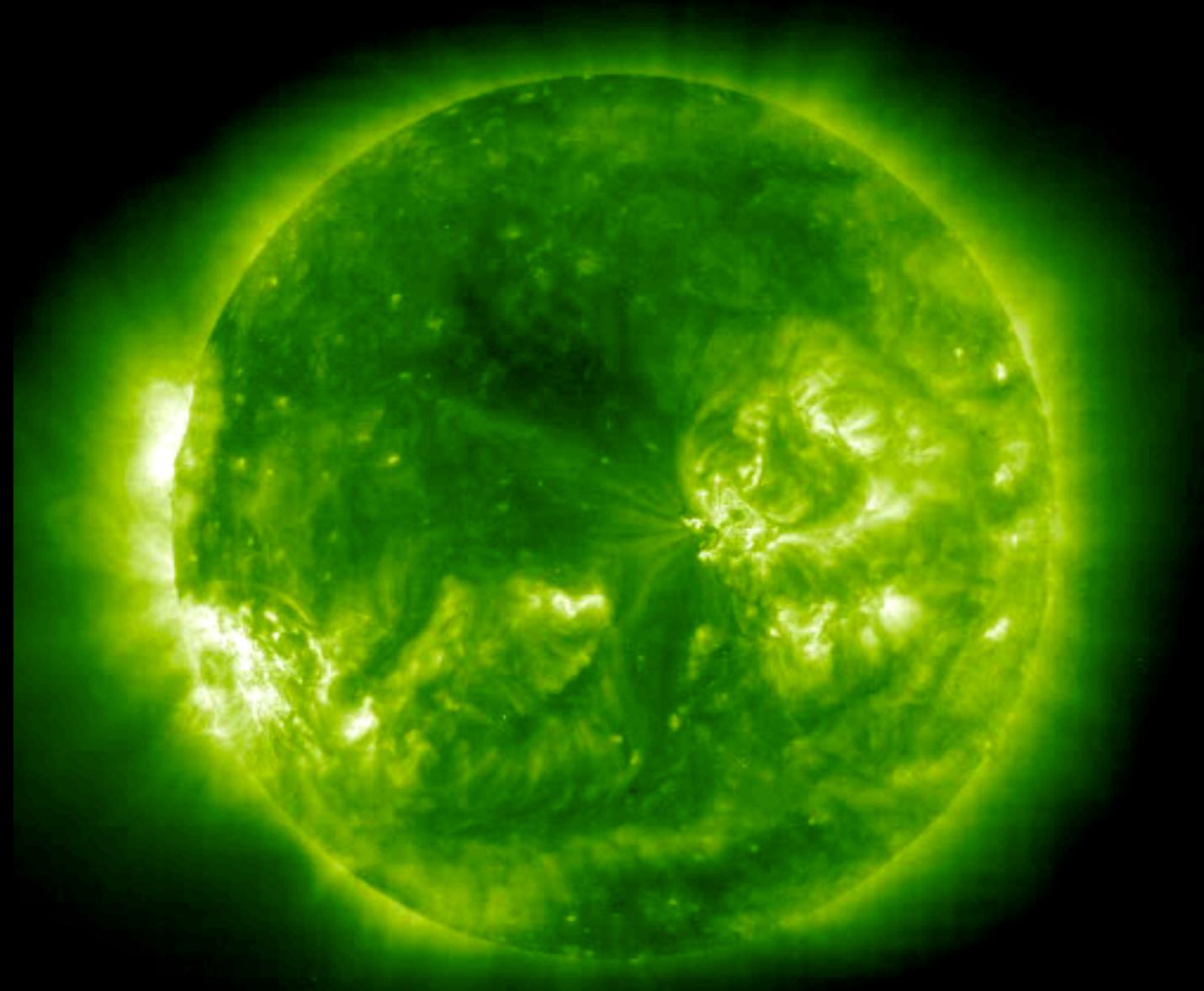




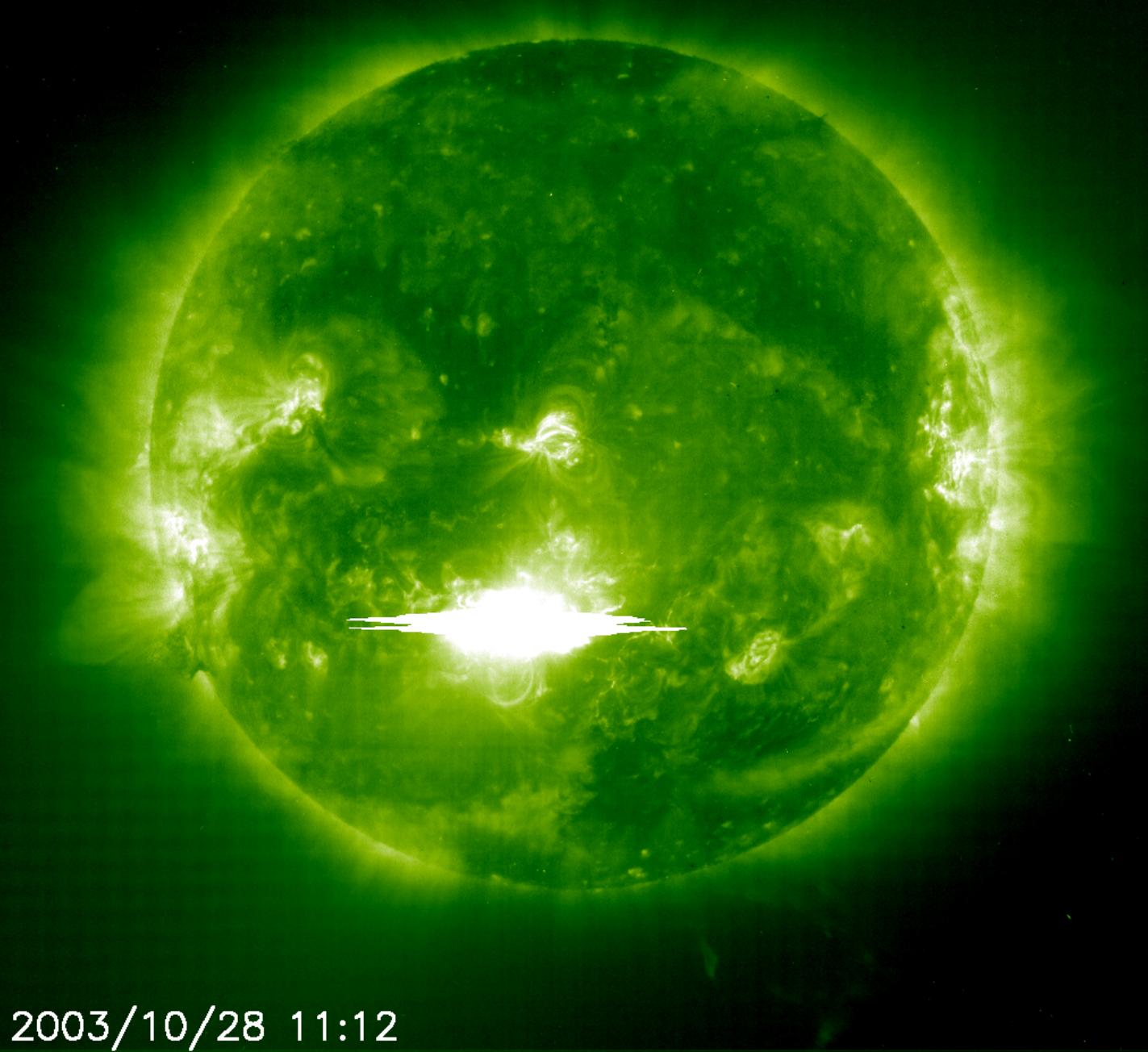






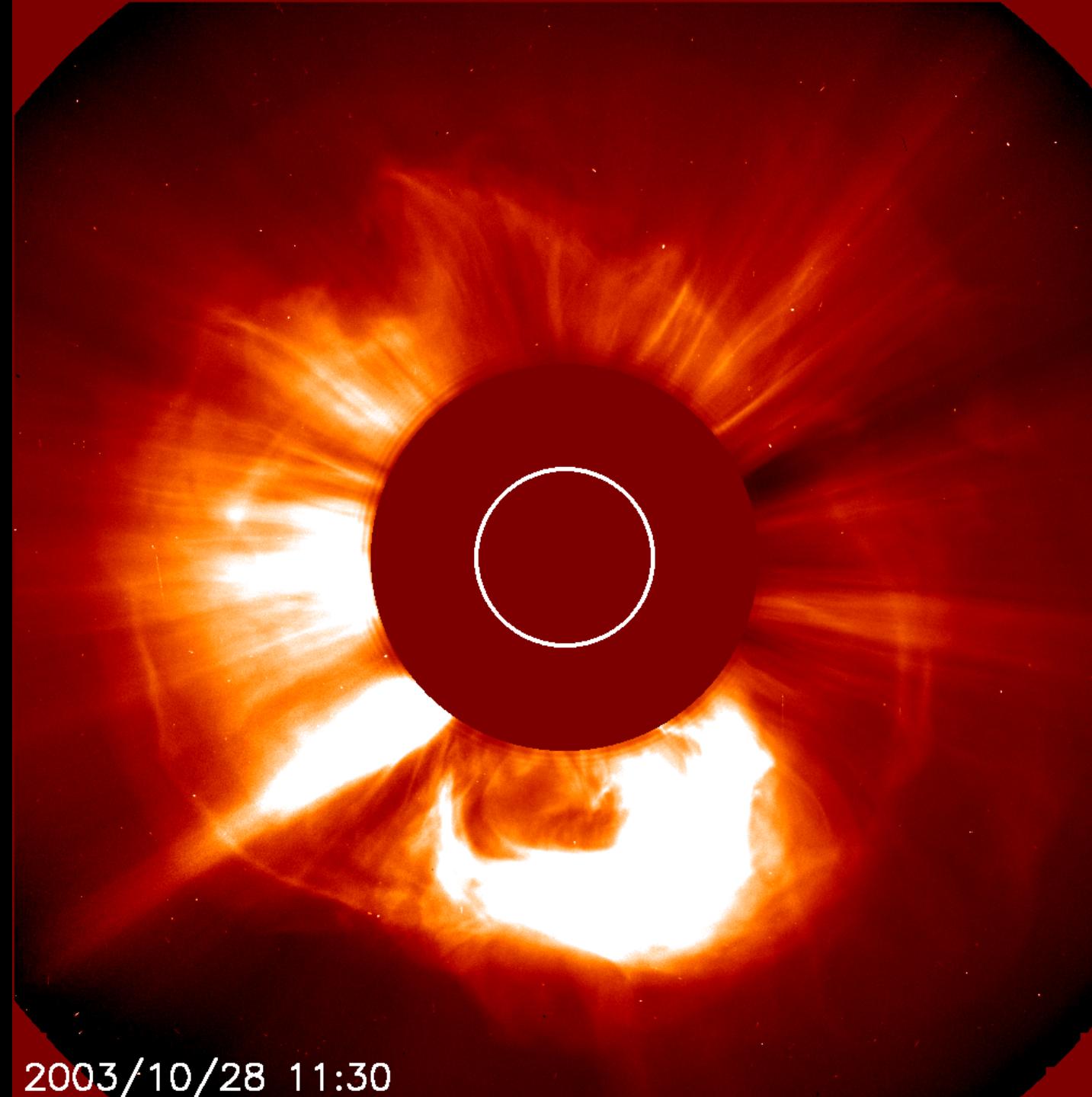


2003/10/25 01:48



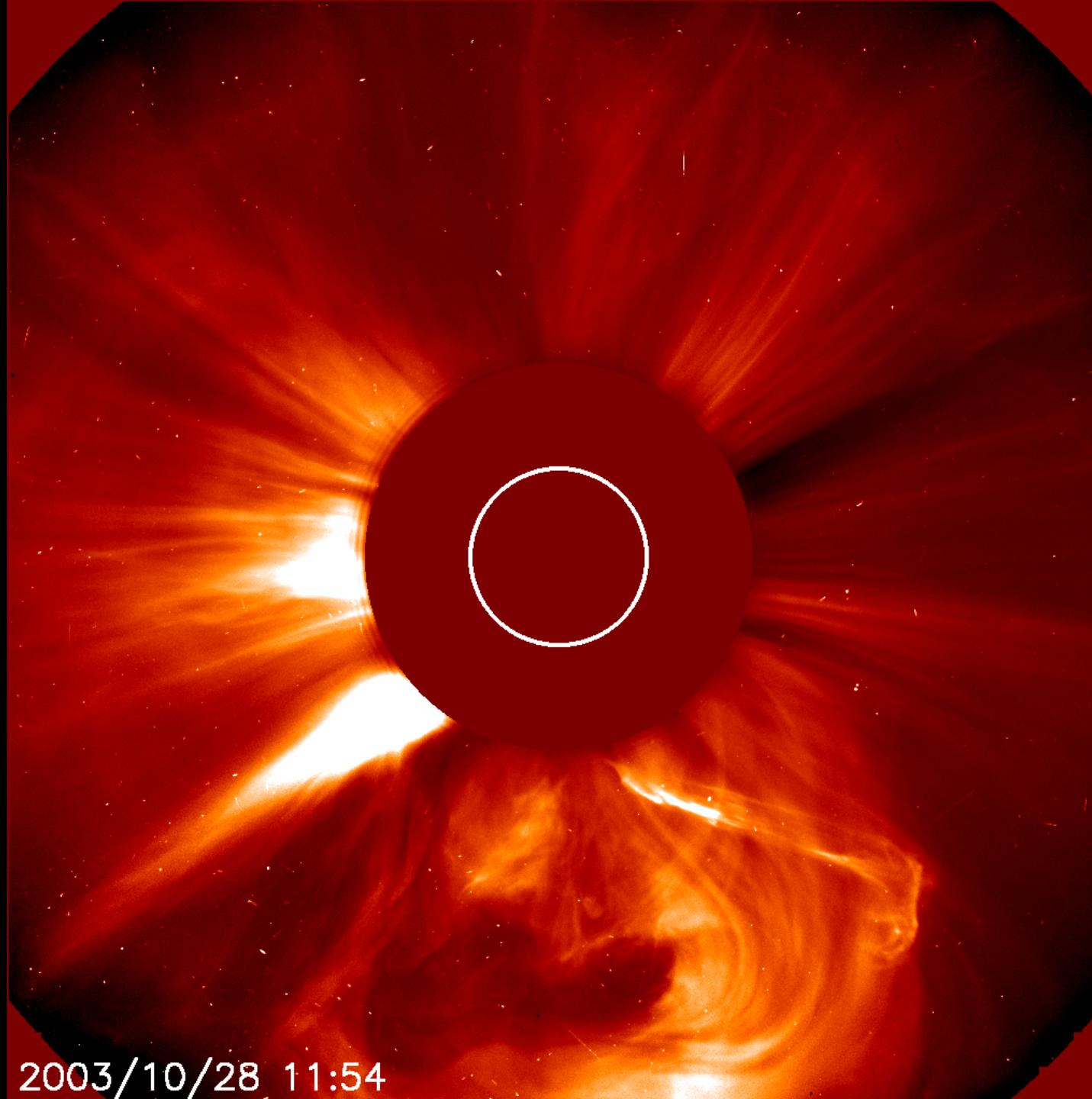
SOHO
Solar
Heliospheric
Observatory

2003/10/28 11:12

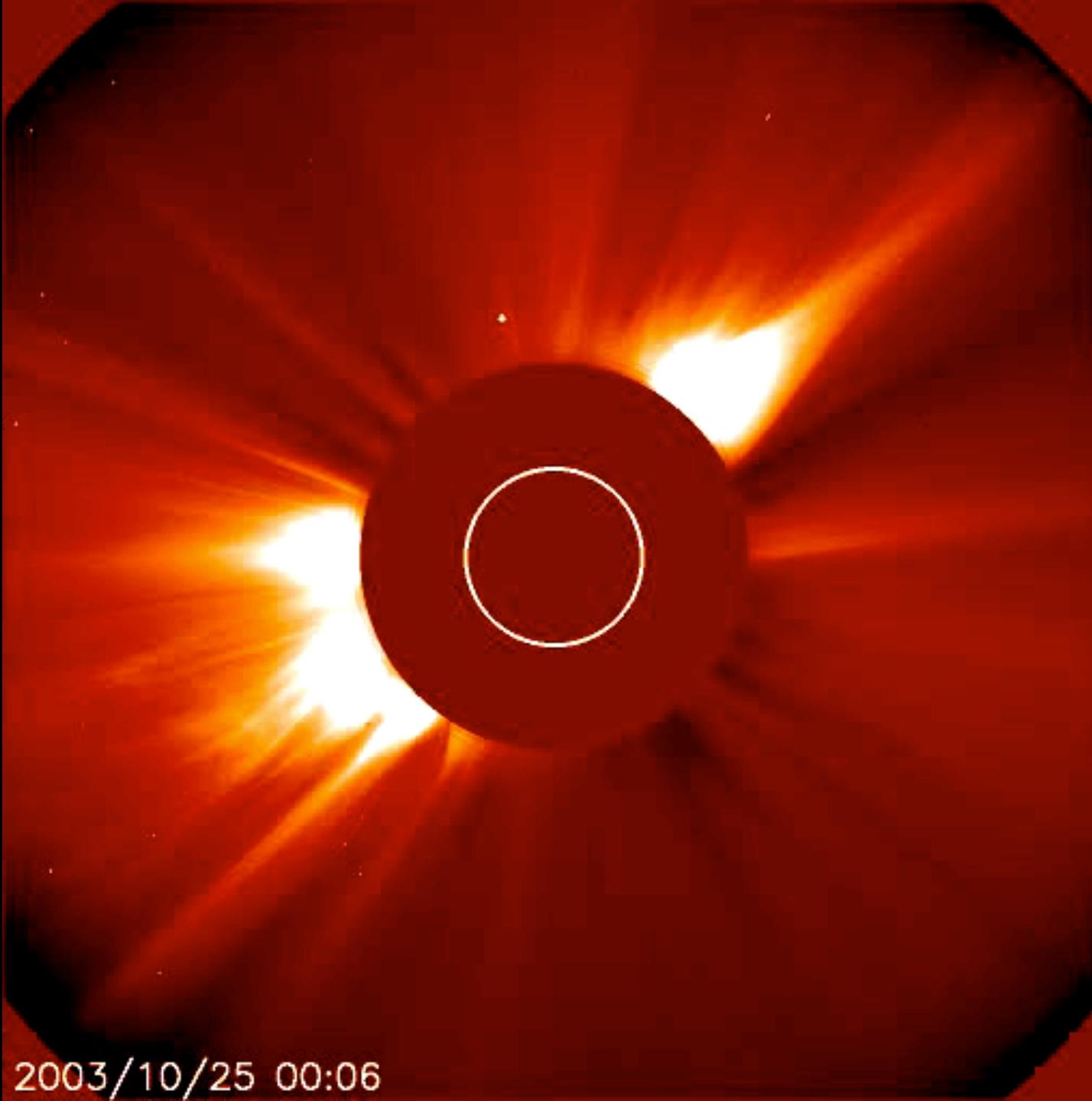


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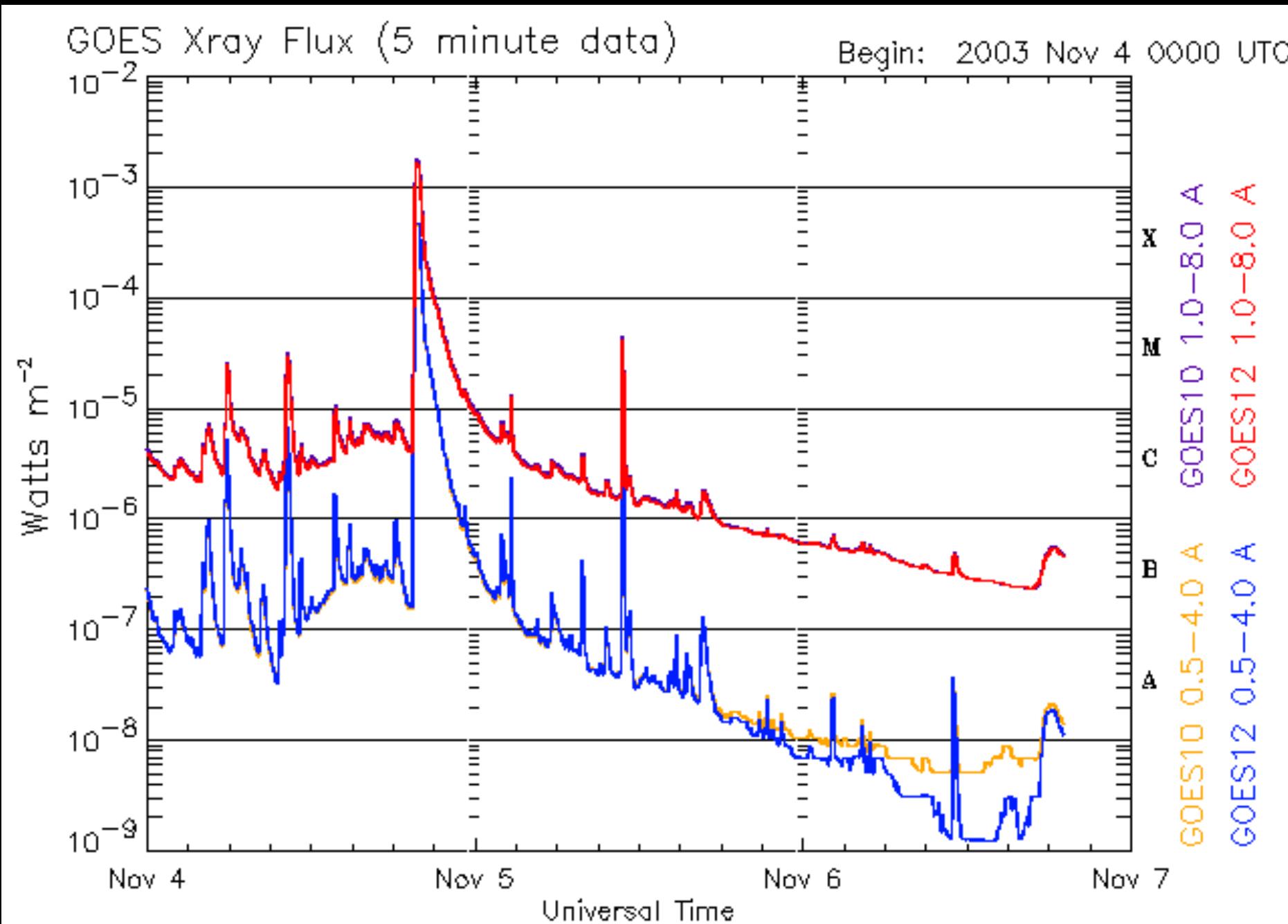
Mk4
Mauna Loa
Solar
Observatory



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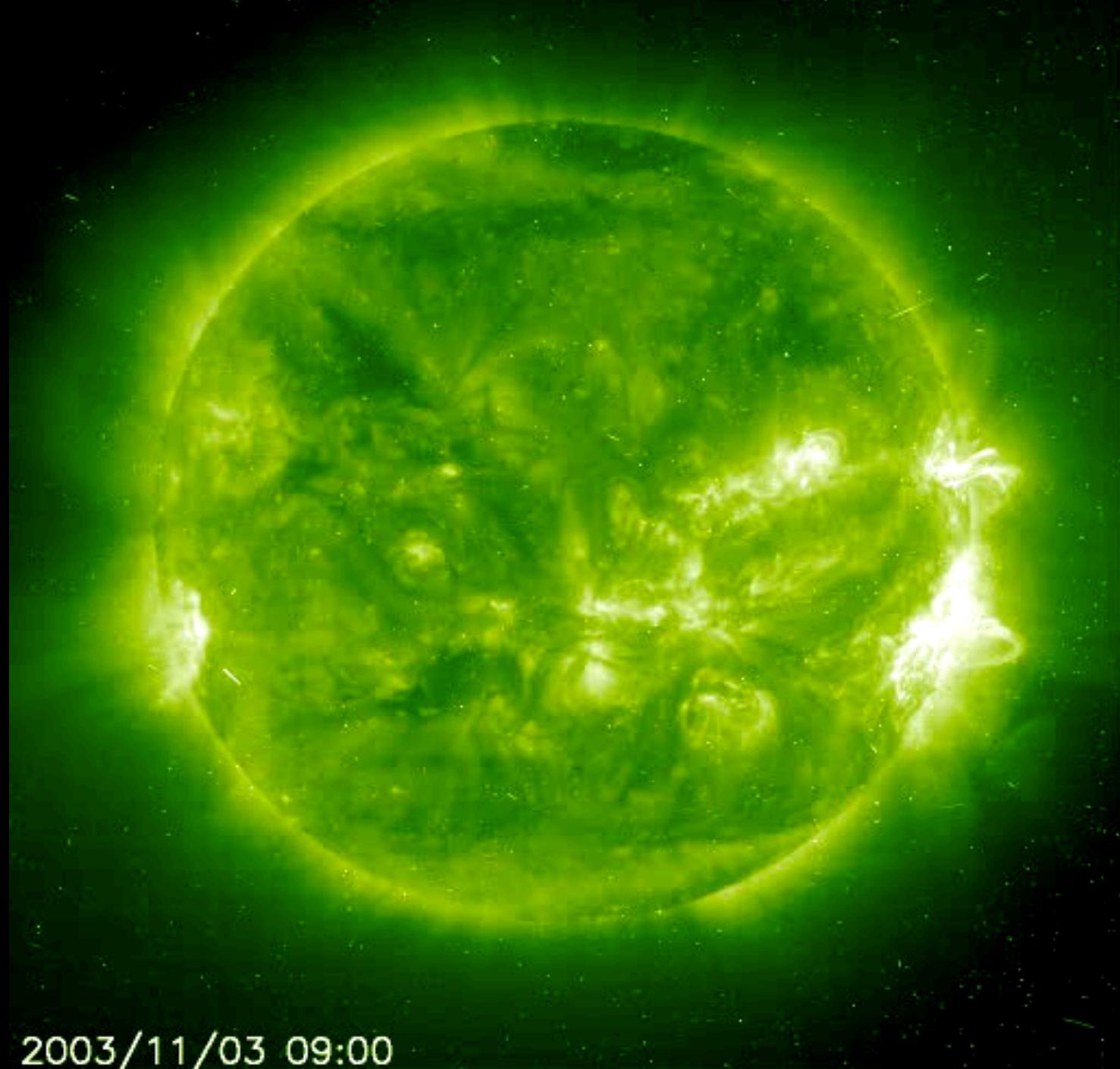


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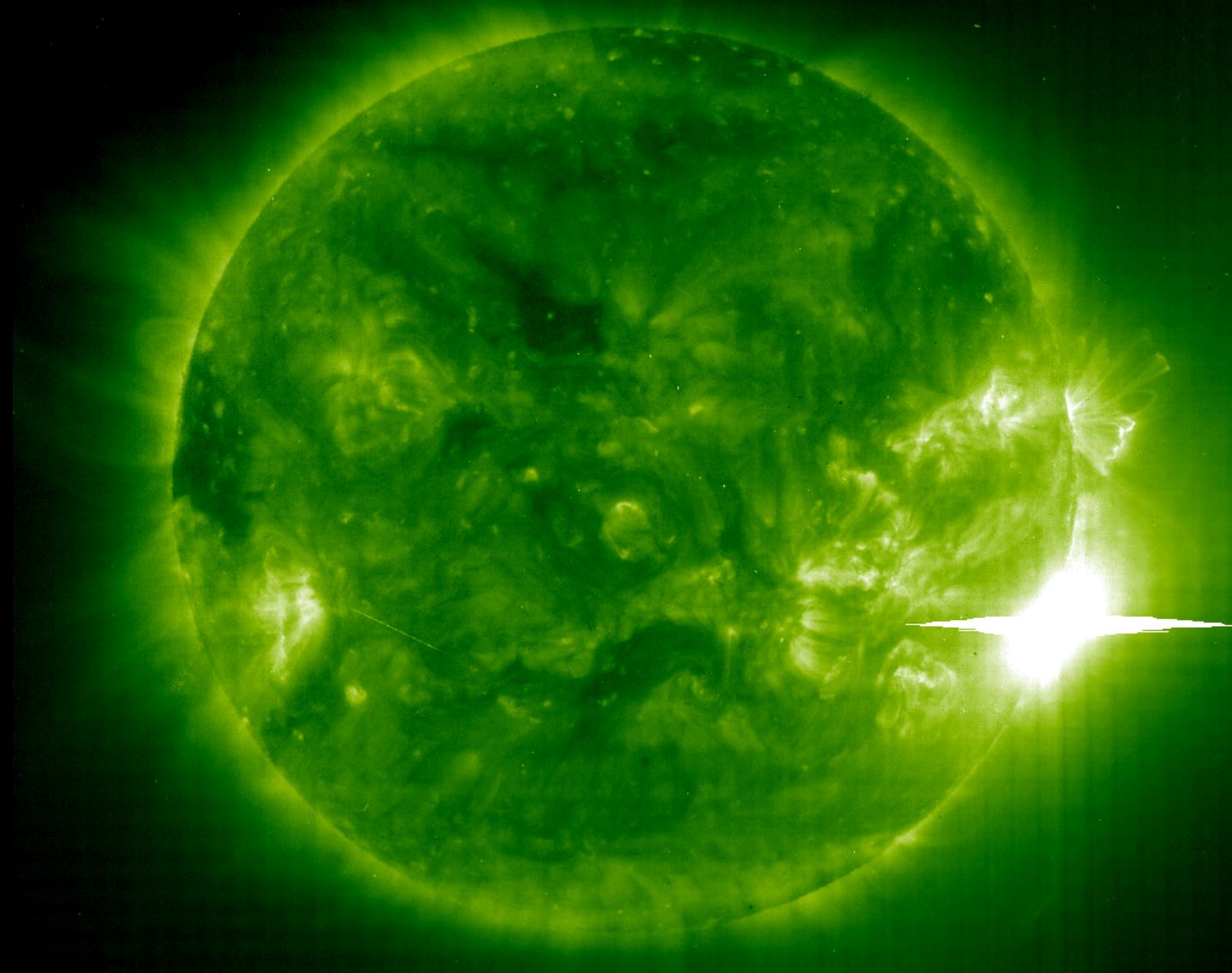


Updated 2003 Nov 6 19:11:04 UTC

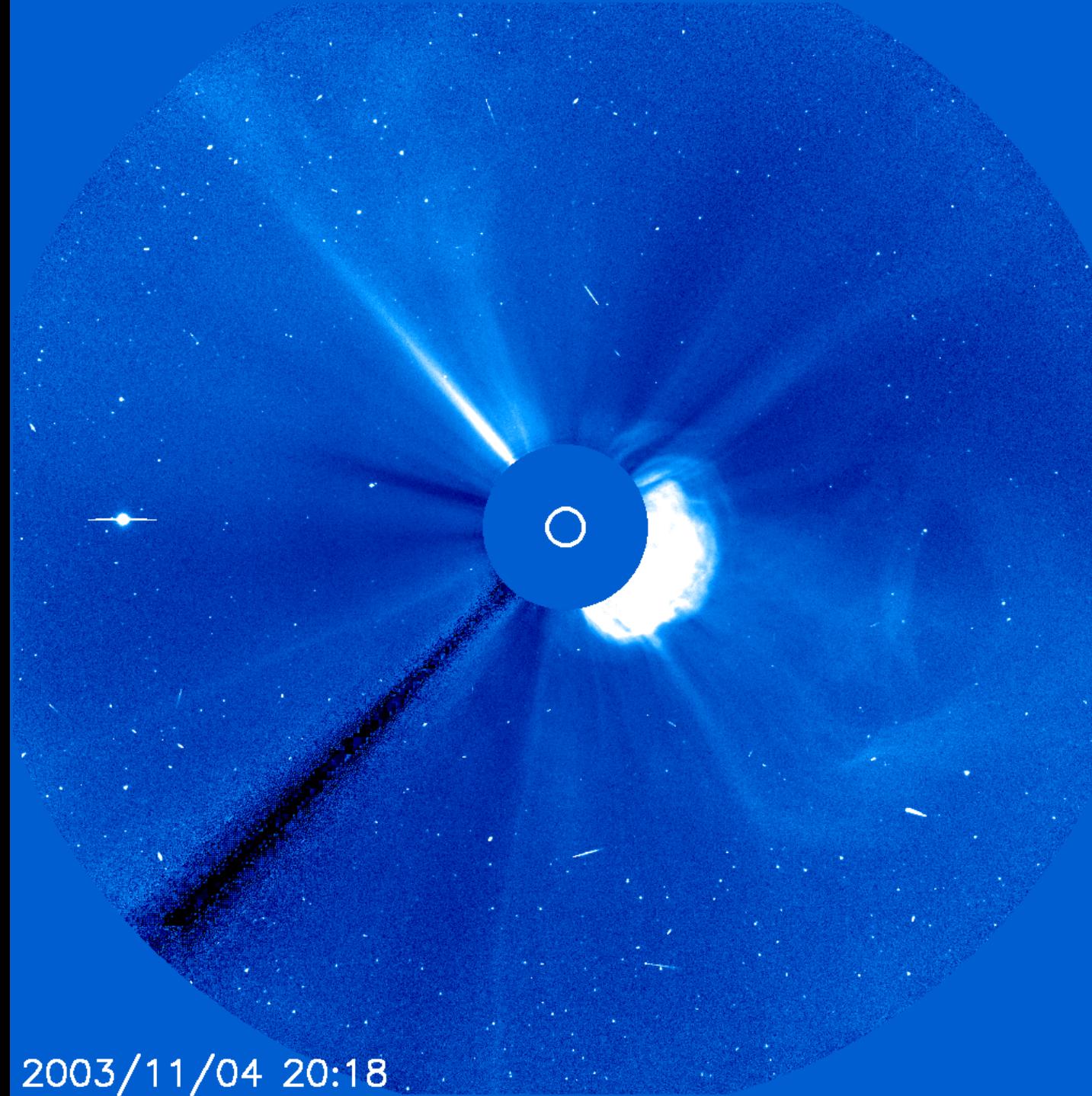
NOAA/SEC Boulder, CO USA



2003/11/03 09:00

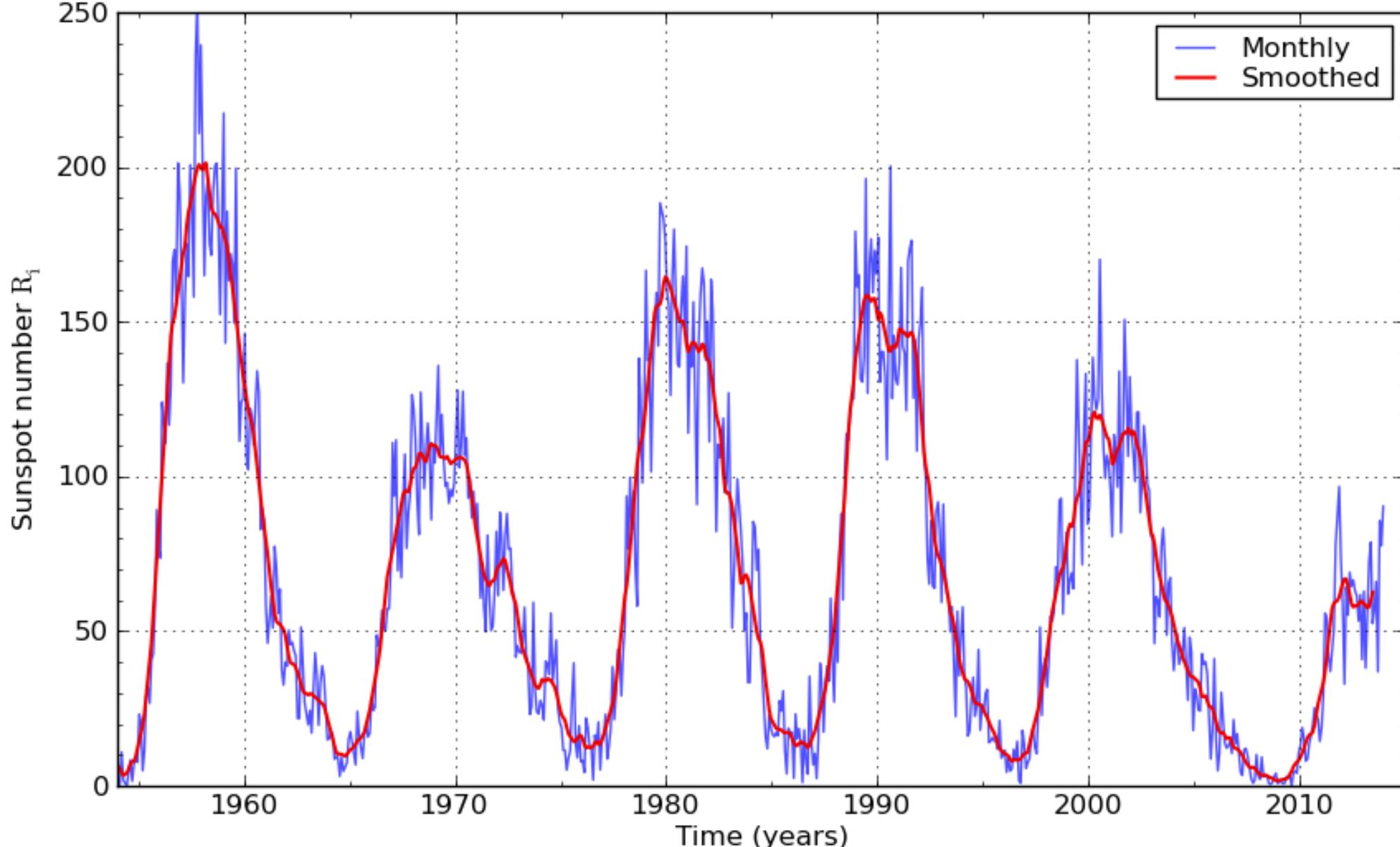


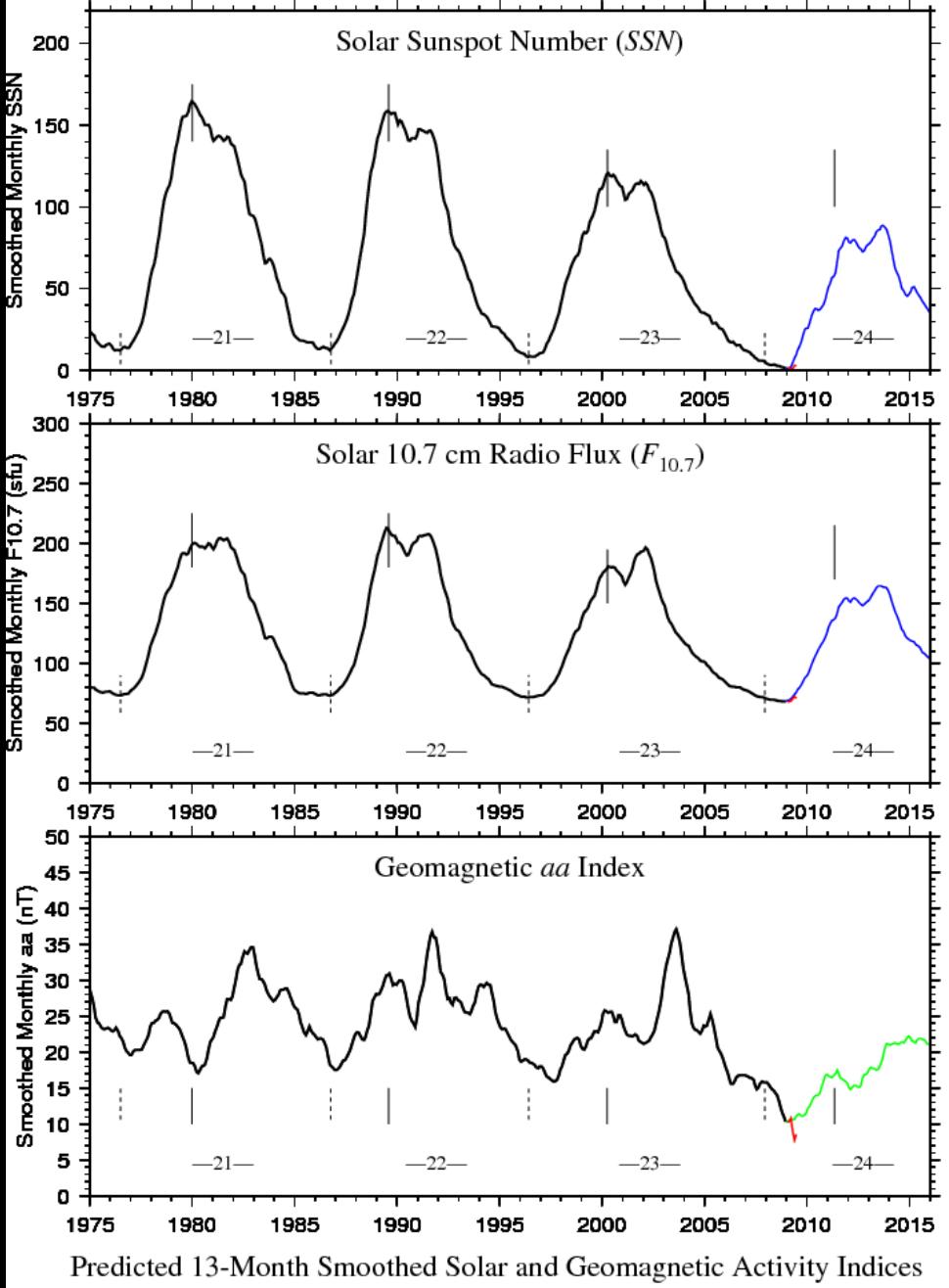
2003/11/04 19:48



2003/11/04 20:18

International sunspot number R_i : monthly mean and 13-month smoothed number

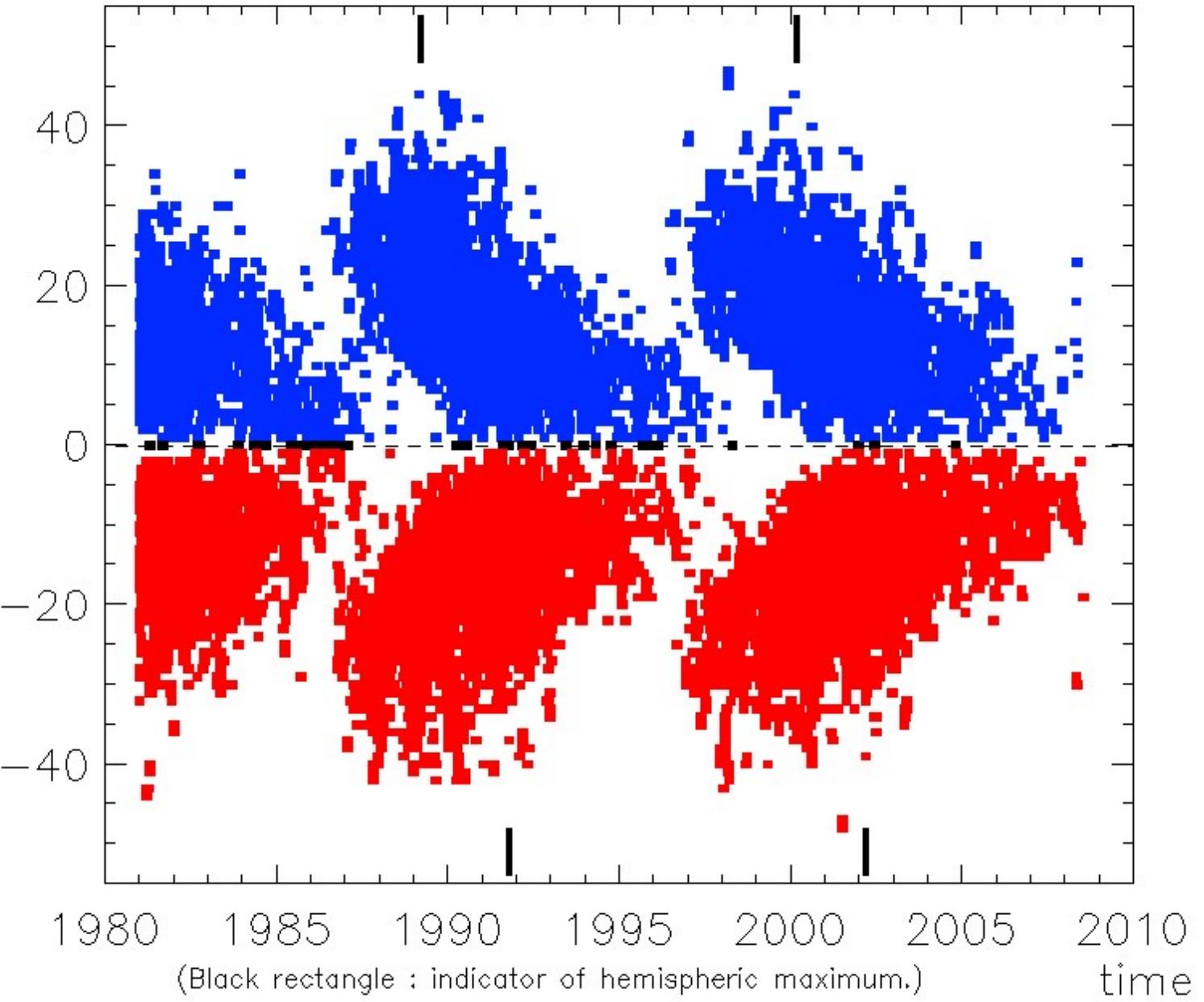


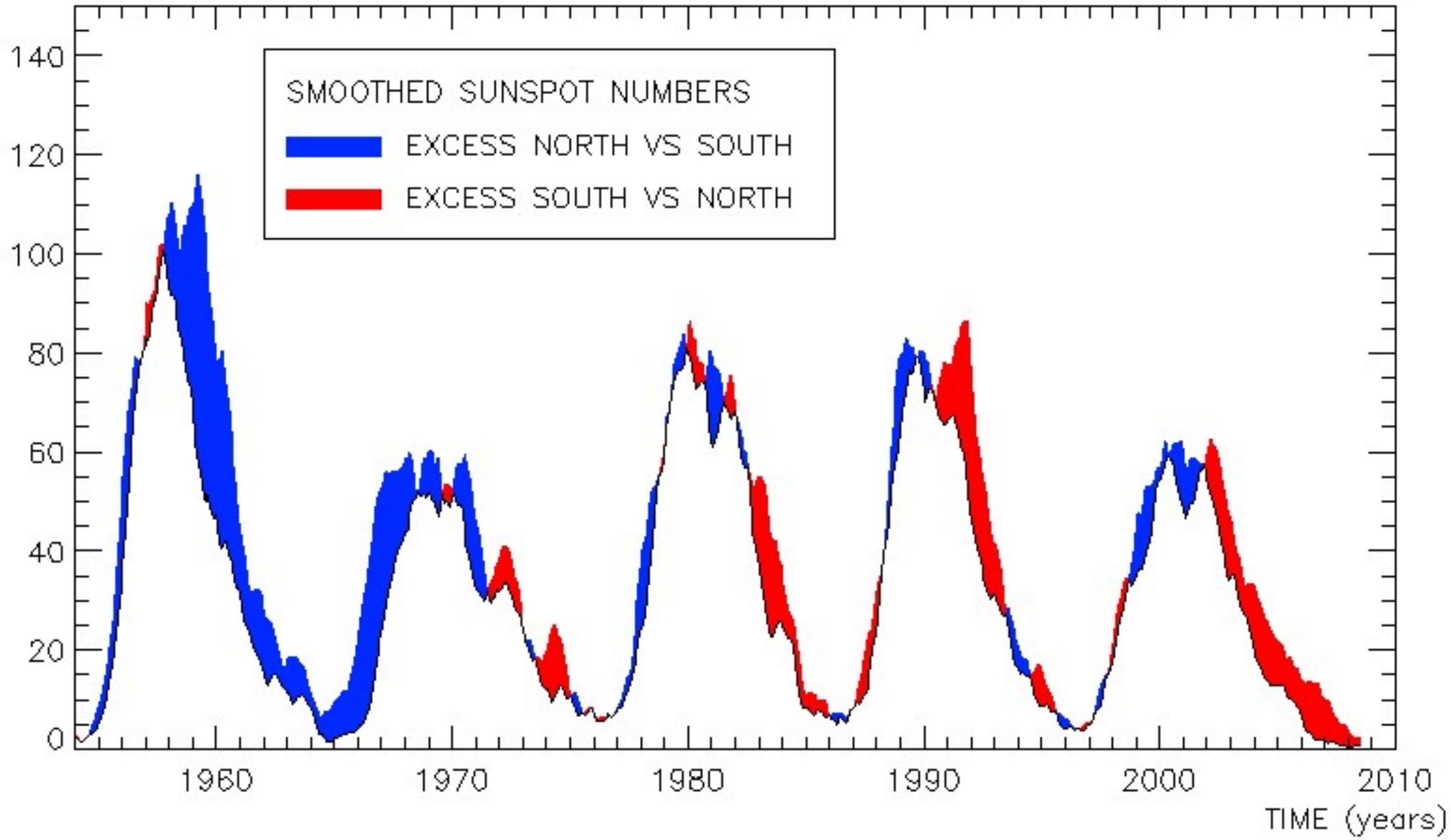


BGS Predictions Use A Modified McNish-Lincoln Method Based on Activity Cycles Since Cycle 12 (Green) or 18 (Blue)
Black Indicates Smoothed Monthly Data and Red Indicates Last 6 Months of Unsmoothed Monthly Averages
Solar Cycles are Numbered and Sunspot Maxima and Minima are Marked by Vertical Solid and Dashed Lines

(<http://www.sidc.be>, Jan 1, 2009)

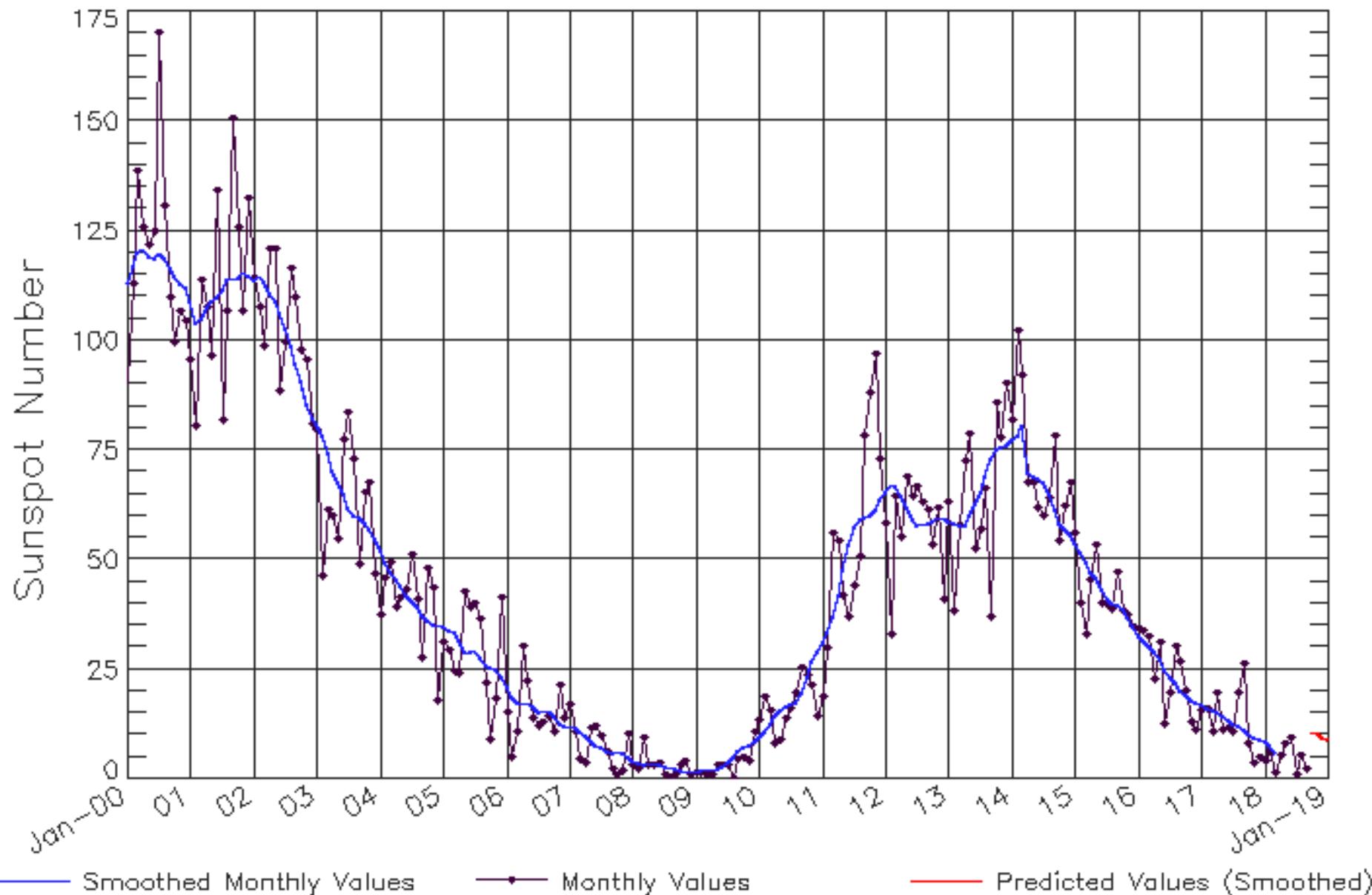
latitude



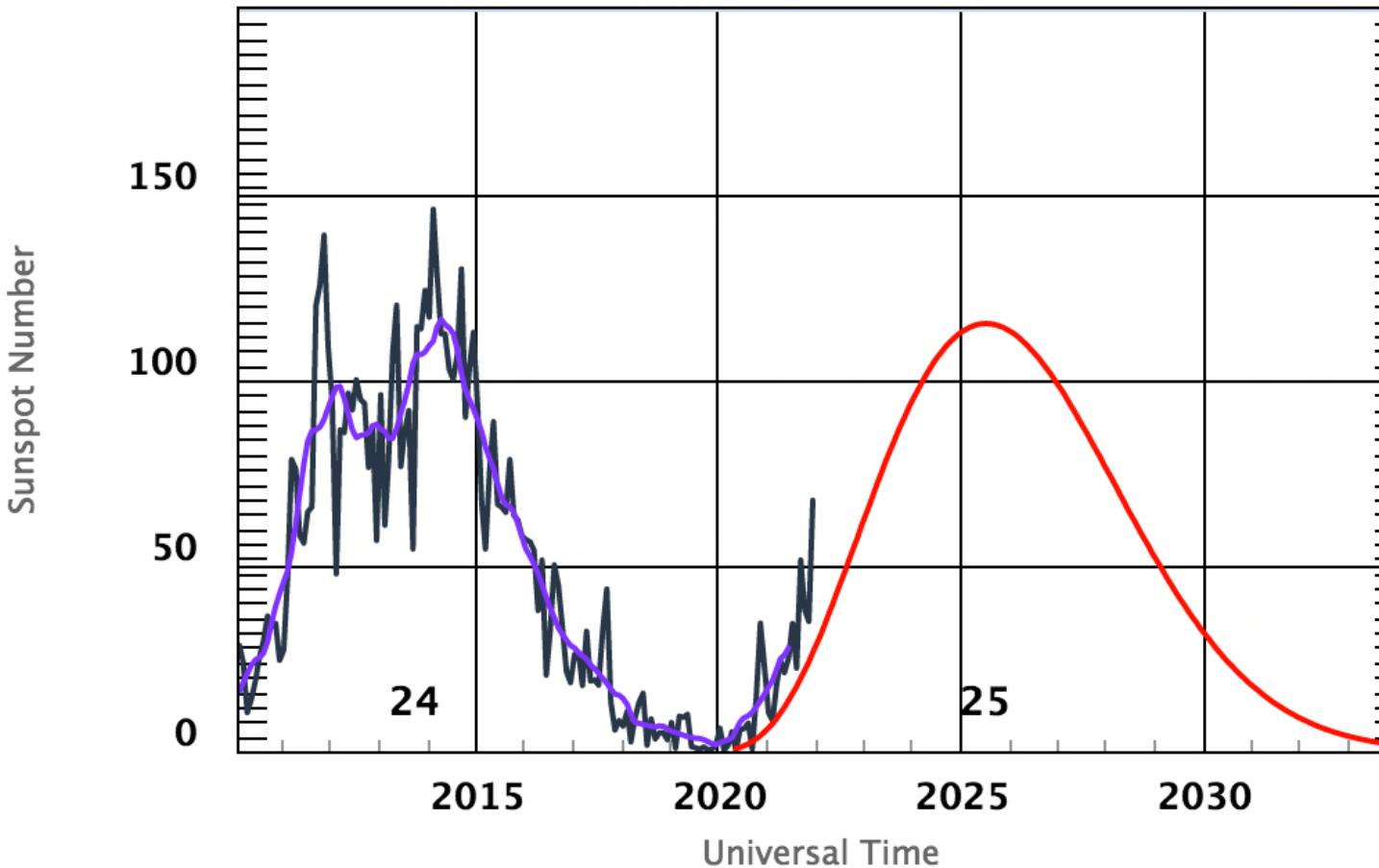


ISES Solar Cycle Sunspot Number Progression

Observed data through Sep 2018



ISES Solar Cycle Sunspot Number Progression



◆ Monthly Values

— Smoothed Monthly Values

— Predicted Values

Space Weather Prediction Center

